

gave out the test paper. Oh dear! It was different from the paper that James had found. None of the questions were the same. None of the students did well. James had to give all their money back to his classmates. Ever since he has never looked in teachers' rubbish bins again.

31. Who wrote the test questions on the paper?

- A. Mr. Trotter. B. James.
C. Dick. D. The headmaster.

32. In the end, James got _____ from his classmates.

- A. \$40 B. \$1 C. no money D. some money

33. Which of the following was true?

- A. The question in the paper were quite easy.
B. James never sold the test paper to his classmates.
C. The test paper Mr. Trotter gave out was different from the one James had found.
D. Some students did very well in the history exam.

34. How did James make money?

- A. By telling his friends the answers.
B. By helping his classmates with history.
C. By selling the "test paper" to his classmates.
D. By looking in the rubbish bin.

35. The best title for this passage is _____.

- A. A History Test
B. A Lucky Boy
C. A good way to make money
D. The best way to pass an exam

IV. 根据句意及单词首字母提示完成句子。

- My brother often t_____ the subway to school.
- Can you come to my birthday p_____?
- She often w_____ about her son.
- They are going to watch a football m_____.
- He drank a w_____ bottle of wine.
- Come o_____ and see us sometime.
- She's very p_____ with her pupils.
- The girl is a little bit h_____, so she needs to eat less junk food and take more exercise.
- T_____ it's hard work, I enjoy it.
- They live in N_____ America.

V. 用所给词的适当形式填空

leaf, then, learn, ones, grow, thick, have, mean, first, easy

Everybody loves oranges. They are sweet and juicy. They are in sections, so it is 51_____ to eat them. Some oranges do not have any seeds. Some have a 52_____ skin, and some have a thin skin.

The oranges tree is beautiful. It has a lot of shiny green 53_____. The small white flowers smell very sweet. An orange tree 54_____ flowers and fruit at the same time.

There were orange trees 20,000,000 years ago. The oranges were very small, not like the 55_____ today. The orange tree probably came from China. Many different kinds of wild oranges 56_____ in China today. The Chinese started to raise orange trees about 4,400 years ago.

Farmers in other parts of Asia and the Middle East 57_____ to raise oranges from the Chinese. 58_____ they taught Europeans. The Spanish planted orange trees in the New World (North and South America). They took them to Florida 59_____. Oranges are a very important crop in Florida today.

In English, orange 60_____ both a fruit and a color. We use the name of the fruit for the color.

VI. 作文。

假如你是 Ted, 你的朋友 Mary 邀请你周六去参加她的生日 party。但你很忙, 写一封信给她。要求向她表示感谢, 说明你有一些什么事要做 (至少 5 件事)。并反过来邀请她在星期天下午与你一道去看电影。(不少于 60 个词)

- A. should be allowed B. shouldn't be allowed
C. should allow D. shouldn't allow

5. China is a country _____ a long history.

- A. having B. has C. with D. of

6. ----_____ do you study for a test?

- By listening to tapes.
A. What B. When C. Why D. How

7. ----Must I do my home work?

- No, you_____.
A. mustn't B. can't C. needn't D. won't

8. Look at the picture. It might be a girl _____ down from the tree.

- A. jumping B. jump C. to jump D. jumps

9. If I _____ you, I _____ a small present.

- A. was, would take B. were, would take
C. were, will take D. am, will take

10. He _____ at home, because I saw him at school just now.

- A. can be B. must be C. can't be D. may be

11 He pretended _____ me when he passed by.

- A. not see B. not to see
C. don't see D. didn't see

12. It's _____ hard for us _____ understand what he said.

- A. to; too B. too; to C. to; to D. so; that

13. Did you leave your room with your light _____?

- A. on B. with C. in D. tuning on

14. Yesterday the girls were _____ at the _____ news.

- A. excited, excited B. excited, exciting
C. exciting, excited D. exciting, exciting

15. If you have any ideas _____. Please return them to him.

- A. whose gloves are these B. whose gloves is this
C. whose gloves these are D. who's gloves these are

二、完形填空

An interesting thing happened to me last Sunday. The sunshine was 1 beautiful that I decided to drive in the country.

2 my way home, my car stopped. I was out of gasoline (汽油) on a road away from a town. I decided to 3 along the road until I found someone who could sell me some gasoline.

I had walked almost a long way before I finally found a big 4 near the road. I was 5 to see it because it was getting dark.

I knocked on the door and a small old lady with long white hair answered. She 6, "I've been waiting for you for a long time. Come in, please. I got 7 ready for you."

"But I've come here only for some gasoline." I answered. I didn't know 8 she was talking about. I didn't understand her.

"Oh, Tony! Gasoline? You used to love tea."

I quickly explained that my car was out of gasoline, 9 she didn't seem to hear me. She just kept calling me Tony and talking about how 10 it had been since she had seen me. She was talking so strangely that I wanted to 11. As soon as she went to get the tea, I went out of the house as 12 as possible.

I was so happy when I saw 13 house by the road. I was able to get some gasoline. When I told the man about the old lady, he said, "Oh, that's Helen. She lives all by herself in that big house. She's 14, but she wouldn't hurt anyone. She is still waiting for the man whom she was going to marry twenty-five years ago. The man was named Tony. The day before they married, he went away and 15 came back." I understood!

- 1.A.so B. such C. very D. too
2.A.On B. In C. By D. Over
3.A.drive B. walk C. ride D. climb
4.A. house B. tree C. hospital D. car
5.A.sad B. angry C. happy D. surprised
6.A. said B. speak C. asked D. talk
7.A. gasoline B. milk C. tea D. water
8.A.that B. who C. when D. what
9.A.or B. then C. but D. later
10.A. long B. far C. often D. much
11.A.stay B. leave C. sit down D. have a rest
12.A. quietly B. quickly C. early D. slowly
13.A.others B. the other C. else D. another
14.A. kind B. warm-hearted C. strange D. friendly
15.A. often B. usually C. never D. sometimes

三、阅读理解

Can we live without salt? Salt is very important to us. We need salt in our food. Animals need it, too. Most of the salt in our country comes from the sea. People dig very big pools and let sea water in. When the sun dries up the water, people can get salt from the ground. The salt is white, clean and beautiful.

There are a lot of salt wells in Sichuan. A salt well is much like a water well. People bring the well water up to the ground and then dry it in big jars over fire. In this way they get salt. We can also get salt from salt mines. A salt mine may be found under the ground. Some years ago, people in Jiangxi found a big salt mine and soon opened it. People here need salt from other places no more.

In the northwest of our country, there are many salt lakes. Some of these lakes are very big. The salt in a big lake will be enough for our people for centuries.

1. We can't live without salt, so _____.

- A. we need more
B. it is very important to us
C. We have to drink sea water
D. there is salt in all our food

2. We get most of the salt from _____.

- A. salt lakes B. sea water
C. salt wells D. salt mines

3. People in Sichuan get salt from _____.

- A. jars B. fire C. salt wells D. water wells

4. Not many years ago, a big salt mine was found and opened _____.

- A. in Sichuan B. in Jiangxi
C. in the northwest D. beside the sea

5. The best title of the article is "_____".

- A. Salt B. Why We Need Salt
C. Salt Is Important D. We Need Salt

四、选词填空

happen, hurry, once, part, enough, large, as, village, interest, enjoy

Reading newspapers has become an important 1 of our everyday life. Many people read newspapers 2 the first thing to do in the morning, others read newspapers as soon as they are free during the day so that they can learn what is 3 in the world.

Sometimes, however, we do not have 4 time to read all the news carefully, so we just take a quick look at the front page, at other times, we may in such a 5 that we only have a few minutes to look at the names of the passages.

Newspapers can be found everywhere in the world. We can get many different kinds of newspapers in the big cities, of course, but in some of the mountain 6, we can see few newspapers.

Some newspapers are published 7 a week, but most of the newspapers are published once a day with many pages, some even published twice a day! As you know different people 8 reading different newspapers, some like sports news, some like economic news and others prefer short stories. They just choose what they are 9 in.

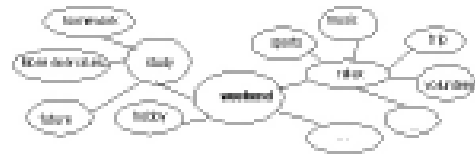
Today newspapers in English have the 10 number of readers in the world.

五、单词拼写

- Taiwan b_____ to China forever.
- The pen isn't mine, but I can't find the_____.
- I can't see the words _____ on the blackboard because of my poor eyesight.
- Beethoven was one of the most famous _____ in the world.
- She m_____ the bus and went late to school.
- Just then my n_____ from the next building came outside to take out his trash.
- Not all the girls like to get their ears p_____.
- Don't w_____ anything, especially time.
- My baby sister hardly cries u_____ she is hungry.
- We are all in a _____ that vegetables are good for our health.

六、书面表达

请按要求写一篇作文: 九年级的周末该如何度过? 九年级的周末发生了哪些什么变化? 请结合提示, 写一篇字数为 80—100 左右的文章, 阐述你的观点。要求表达合理, 语法正确, 意思连贯。



以上系杭二中树兰实验学校部分练习题, 仅供参考, 敬请老师和家长切勿将此作为学生作业。

本期试题参考答案参见“余杭热线”走进校园栏目。网址: www.eyh.cn

九年级英语 >>

孙勤娟 命题

一、选择填空

1. Mario _____ short, but now he's tall.
A. used to B. use to be
C. uses to be D. used to be

2. You shouldn't spend too much time _____ computer games.
A. playing B. play C. to play D. played

3. I have _____ girl.
A. a eight-year old B. an eight-years old
C. a eight years old D. an eight-year-old

4. We _____ to speak aloud in the public place.



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走进校园

NEWSPAPER IN EDUCATION

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